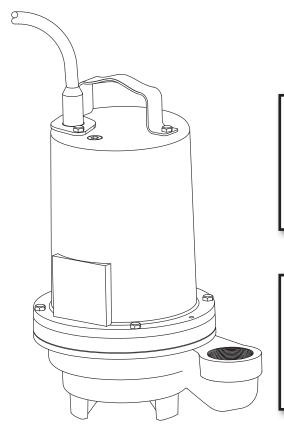
INSTALLATION, SERVICE & PARTS MANUAL



Series: PFSTEP512 PFSTEP522

0.5 HP • 3450 RPM • 60 Hz Submersible Effluent Pumps



Power-Flo Pumps & Systems

a Power-Flo Technologies company

General Safety Information

Before installation, read the following instructions carefully. Failure to follow instruction and Safety information could cause serious bodily injury, death and/or property damage. Each Power-Flo pump is individually factory tested to insure proper performance. Closely following these instructions will eliminate potential operating problems, assuring years of trouble-free service.

A DANGER

"Danger" indicates an imminenty

hazardous situation which, if not avoided, WILL result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

"Warning" indicates an imminenty

hazardous situation which, if not avoided, MAY result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

"Caution" indicates an potentially

hazardous situation which, if not avoided, MAY result in minor or moderate injury.

IMPORTANT - Power-Flo Pumps and Systems is not responsible for losses, injury or death resulting from failure to observe these safety precautions, misuse, abuse or misapplication of pumps or equipment.

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ALL RETURNED **PRODUCTS MUST BE** CLEANED, SANITIZED, **OR RECONTAMINATED** PRIOR TO SHIPMENT, TO

INSURE EMPLOYEES WILL NOT BE EXPOSED TO HEALTH HAZARDS IN HANDLING SAID **MATERIAL. ALL APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS SHALL APPLY.**

AWARNING

Installation, wiring, and junction

connections must be in accordance with the National Electric Code and all applicable state and local codes. Requirements may vary depending on usage and location.

AWARNING

Installation and servicing is to be conducted by qualified personnel only.

▲ DANGER

Rotating machinery, **Amputation or severe**



lacerations can result. Keep clear of suction and discharge openings. **Do not** insert fingers in pump with

power connected.

▲WARNING

Always wear eye protection when

working on pumps. Do not wear loose clothing that may become entangled in moving parts



Pumps build up heat and pressure during operation. Allow time for pumps to cool before handling or servicing.

A DANGER

This pump is **not** intended for use in

swimming pools or water installations where human contact with pumped fluid. Pumps

when used as a decorative water fountain pump MUST be used in circuit protected by a Ground Fault Interrupter.

DANGER

Risk of electric shock. To reduce risk of

electric shock, always disconnect pump from power source before handling. Lock out power & tag.

AWARNING

Do not us these pumps in water

over 104°F. Do not exceed manufactures recommended maximum performance, as this could cause the motor to overheat.

DANGER

Do not lift, carry or hang pump by the

electrical cables. Damage to the electrical cables can cause shock, ^Jburnes or death. **Never** handle

connected power cords with wet hands. Use appropriate lifting device.

AWARNING

Sump and sewage pumps often handle

materials which could cause illness or disease. wear adequate protective clothing when working on a used pump or piping. Never enter a basin after it has been used.

Failure to permanently ground the pump,

motor and controls before connecting to power can cause shock, burns or death.

AWARNING

These pumps are **NOT** to be installed in

locations classified as hazardous in عربريَّ الم accordance with the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA 70.

A CAUTION

The Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC) states that

sewage systems shall have an audio and visual alarm that signals a malfunction of the systems that is required to reduce the potential for property damage.



WARNING:

CANCER AND REPRODUCTIVE HARM-WWW.P65WARNINGS.CA.GOV

IMPORTANT!

Prior to installation, record Model Number, MFG Date, Amps, Voltage, Phase and HP, from pump name plate for future reference. Also record the Voltage and **Current Readings at Startup:**

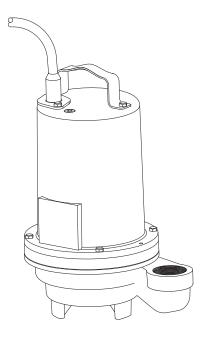
1 Phase Models				
Amps:	Volts:			
Model Number:				
MFG Date:				
PHASE: HP: _				

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Other brand and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders. 11/2007, 3/08, 6/08, 4/09, 5/09, 2/10, 4/10, 3/11, 6/13, 9/15, 9/2020, 1/2021 Alteration Rights Reserved.



Specifications



DISCHARGE	2" NPT Female, Vertical	
LIQUID TEMPERATURE	104°F Continuous	
MOTOR HOUSING	Cast Iron, Class 30	
VOLUTE	Cast Iron, Class 30	
IMPELLER	Single vane enclosed Polypropylene with stainless steel insert	
SOLIDS HANDLING	3/4" spherical	
SHAFT	Stainless steel	
SEALPLATE	Cast Iron, Class 30	
SQUARE RINGS	Buna-N	
HARDWARE	Stainless steel	
SEAL	Outboard, Single mechanical, Oil Filled Carbon/Ceramic/Buna-N	
UPPER BEARING	Single row, ball, oil lubricated	
LOWER BEARING	Single row, ball, oil lubricated	
POWER CORD	20 Ft. Cord with plug on 120 and 240 volt, Fast Disconnect Design	
MOTOR	Class B Single phase - Permanant split capacitor Includes overload protection in motor: Trip Off Temp. 248°F (120° C)	

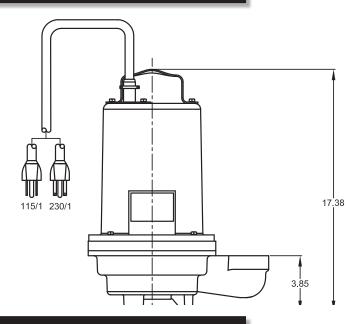
Level Control supplied seperatly.

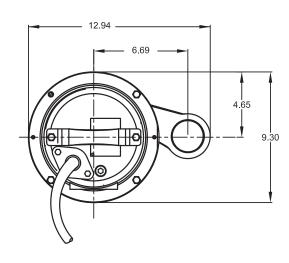
НР	Volt/ PH	Hz	RPM (Nom)	NEMA Start Code	Full Load Amps	Locked Rotor Amps	Winding Resistance MAIN START	Cord Size	Cord Type	Cord O.D
PFSTEP512	115/1	60	3450	G	14.0	24.7	0.96 6.7	14/3	SJTOW	.37
PFSTEP522	230/1	60	3450	E	7.0	10.2	3.95 6.8	14/3	SOW	.53

Winding resistance \pm 5% at terminal block. Rated operation at \pm 10% voltage at motor

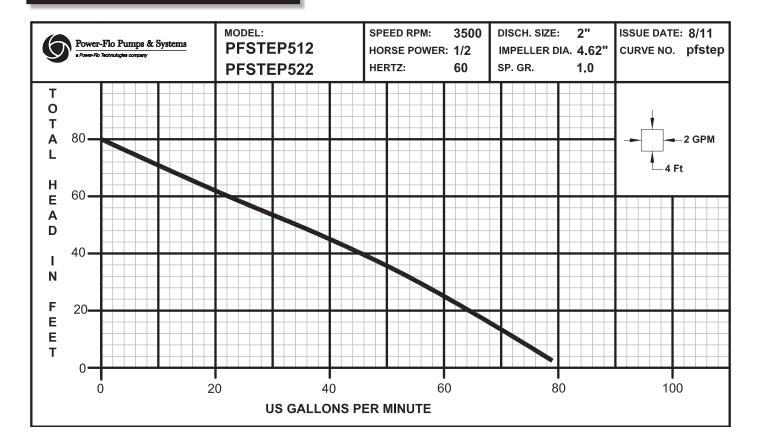


Dimensions





Performance





Receiving & Installation

Receiving Inspection

Upon receiving the pump, it should be inspected for damage or shortages. If damage has occurred, file a claim immediately with the company that delivered the pump. If the manual is removed from the packaging, do not lose or misplace.

Storage

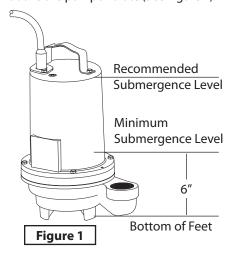
Any product that is stored for a period longer than six (6) months from the date of purchase should be bench tested prior to installation. A bench test consists of, checking the impeller to assure it is free turning and a run test to assure the motor (and switch if provided) operate properly. Do not pump out of liquid.

Controls

Manual models require a separate approved pump control device or panel for automatic operation. Be sure the electrical specification of the control selected properly match the electrical specifications of the pump.

Submergence

The pump should always be operated in the submerged condition. The minimum sump liquid level should never be less than above the pump's volute (See Figure 1).



Installation

There are two methods of installing effluent pumps:

- 1.) In a Flex-Hose system, most commonly used in interceptor tanks and.
- 2.) A slide rail in a package system or concrete wet well, which allows the pump(s) to be installed or removed without requiring personnel to enter the wet well.

The sump or basin shall be sealed and vented in accordance with local plumbing codes. This pump is designed to pump effluent or wastewater, nonexplosive and noncorrosive liquids and shall NOT be installed in locations classified as hazardous in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) ANSI/NFPA 70 or Canadian Electric Code (CEC). The pump should never be installed in a trench, ditch, or hole with a dirt bottom. The legs will sink into the dirt and the suction will become plugged.

The installation should be at a sufficient depth to ensure that all plumbing is below the frost line. If this is not feasible, remove the check valve and size the basin to accommodate the additional backflow volume.

Discharge Piping

Discharge piping should be as short as possible and sized no smaller than the pump discharge. Do not reduce the discharge pipe size below that which is provided on the pump. Both a check valve and a shut-off valve are recommended for each pump. The check valve is used to prevent backflow into the sump. The shut-off valve is used to manually stop system flow during pump servicing.

Liquid Level Controls Typical Discharge Pipe Mounted:

Refer to Figure 2 below which shows a typical installation of a 1 phase 120 or 240 volt pump using a level control mounted to the discharge piping with a piggy-back plug. The level control should have adequate clearance so it cannot hang up in it's swing and that the pump is completely submerged when the level control is in the "Off" mode. By adjusting the cord tether the control level can be changed.

Typical Installation with Wide Angle Level Control

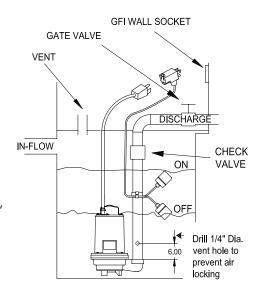
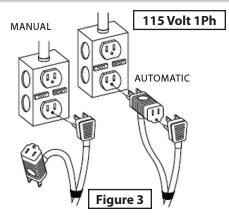
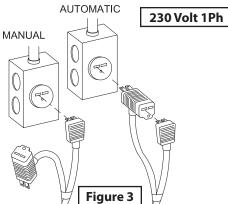


Figure 2



Installation & Service





Automatic: Plug float cord into GFI outlet, then plug pump cord into float cord.

Manual: Plug pump cord directly into GFI outlet.

Level Control Basic Instructions:

Plug the level control plug into the GFI receptacle, then plug the pump into the piggy-back plug (See Figure 3). One cycle of operation should be observed, so that any potential problems can be corrected.

It is recommended that the level control float should be set to insure that the liquid in the sump never drops below the top of the motor housing or a minimum level of 6 inches above the basin floor.

Electrical Connections Power cable:

The power cable mounted to the pump must not be modified in any way except for shortening to a specific application. Any splice between the pump and the control panel must be made in accordance with the electric codes. It is recommended that a junction box, if used, be mounted outside the sump or be of

located within the wet well. **DO NOT USE THE POWER CABLE TO LIFT PUMP.**

at a minimum Nema 4 construction if

Always rely upon a Certified Electrician for installation.

Overload Protection:

Single Phase - The stator in-winding overload protector used is referred to as an overheating protector and operates on the combined effect of temperature and current. This means that the overload protector will trip out and shut the pump off if the windings become too hot, or the load current passing through them becomes too high.

IMPORTANT! - The overload will then automatically reset and start the pump up after the motor cools to a safe temperature. In the event of an overload, the source of this condition should be determined and corrected immediately.



WARNING! - DO NOT LET THE PUMP CYCLE OR RUN IF AN OVERLOAD CONDITION OCCURS!

If current through the temperature sensor exceeds the values listed, an intermediate control circuit relay must be used to reduce the current or the sensor will not work properly.

TEMPERATURE SENSOR ELECTRICAL RATINGS			
Volts	Continuous Amperes	Inrush Amperes	
110-120	3.00	30.0	
220-240	1.50	15.0	

Wire Size:

If longer power cable is required consult a qualified electrician for proper wire size.

Pre-Operation

- Check Voltage and Phase
 Compare the voltage and phase information stamped on the pump name plate.
- 2. **Check Pump Rotation** Improper motor rotation can result in poor pump performance and can damage the motor and/or pump. Incorrect rotation for Single-Phase pumps is unlikely. If the rotation is incorrect contact factory.
- Name Plate Record the information from the pump name plate to drawing in front of manual for future reference.
- Insulation Test An insulation (megger) test should be performed on the motor. Before the pump is put into service. The resistance values (ohms) as well as the voltage (volts) and current (amps) should be recorded.
- 5. **Pump-Down Test** Be sure pump has been properly wired, lowered into the basin, sump or lift station, check the system by filling with liquid and allowing the pump to operate through its pumping cycle. The time needed to empty the system, or pump-down time along with the volume of water, should be recorded.



Service

Maintenance

No lubrication or maintenance is required. Perform the following checks when pump is removed from operation or when pump performance deteriorates:

- a). Inspect motor chamber for oil level and contamination.
- b). Inspect impeller and body for excessive build-up or clogging.
- c). Inspect motor and bearings.
- d). Inspect seal for wear or leakage.

Servicing

NOTE: Item numbers in () refer to Figures 10 & 11.

Cooling Oil - Anytime the pump is removed from operation, the cooling oil in the motor housing should be checked visually for oil level and contamination. To check oil, set unit upright. Remove pipe plug (20) from housing (10). With a flashlight, visually inspect the oil in the housing (20) to make sure it is clean and clear, light amber in color and free from suspended particles. Milky white oil indicates the presence of water. Oil level should be just above the motor when pump is in vertical position.

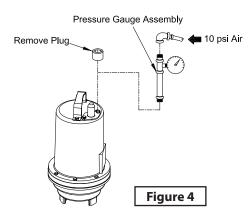
Oil Testing

- Drain oil into a clean, dry container by placing pump on it's side, remove pipe plug (20), from housing (10).
- Check oil for contamination using an oil tester with a range to 30 Kilovolts breakdown.
- If oil is found to be clean and uncontaminated (measuring above 15 KV. breakdown), refill the housing.
- If oil is found to be dirty or contaminated (or measures below 15 KV. breakdown), the pump must be carefully inspected for leaks at the shaft seal, cable assembly, square ring and pipe plug, before refilling with oil. To locate the leak, perform a pressure test.

After leak is repaired, dispose of old oil properly, and refill with new oil.

Pressure Test (If oil has been drained)

Remove pipe plug (20) from housing (10). Apply pipe sealant to pressure gauge assembly and tighten into hole. Pressurize motor housing to 10 P.S.I. Use soap solution around the sealed areas and inspect joints for "air bubbles".



If, after five minutes, the pressure is still holding constant, and no "bubbles" are observed, slowly bleed the pressure and remove the gauge assembly. Replace oil. Leek must be located and repaired if pressure does not hold.

Pressure Test (If oil has NOT been

drained) - Oil should be at normal level. Remove pipe plug (20) from housing (10). Apply pipe sealant to pressure gauge assembly and tighten into hole. Pressurize motor housing to 10 P.S.I. Use soap solution around the sealed areas above the oil level and inspect joints for "air bubbles". For sealed areas below oil level, leeks will seep oil. If, after five minutes, the pressure is still holding constant, and no "bubbles" /oil seepage is observed, slowly bleed the pressure and remove the gauge assembly. Replace oil. Leek must be located and repaired if pressure does not hold.



Pressure builds up extremely fast, increase pressure by "TAPPING" air nozzle. Too much pressure will damage seal. **DO NOT exceed 10 P.S.I.**

Oil Replacement - Set unit upright and refill with new cooling oil as per table below . Fill to just above motor, but below capacitor as an air space must remain in the top of the housing to compensate for oil expansion. Apply pipe thread compound to threads of pipe plug (20) then assemble to housing (10).



DO NOT overfill oil. Overfilling of housing with oil can create excessive and dangerous hydraulic pressure which can destroy the pump and create a hazard.

Overfilling oil voids warranty.

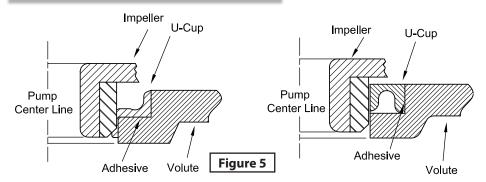
96oz - Cooling Oil Recommended Supplier/Grade			
BP	Enerpar SE100		
Conoco	Pale Paraffin 22		
Mobile	D.T.E. Oil Light		
Shell Canada	Transformer-10		
Texaco Diala-Oil-AX			

Disassembly & Assembly Impeller, U-cup, V-ring and Volute:

Disconnect power. Remove cap screws (21) and lock washers (22) vertically lift motor, housing and seal plate assembly from volute (1). Clean out volute (1) if necessary. Inspect gasket (6) and replace if cut or damaged. Check U-cup (33) for damage. If replacement is needed, cut the U-cup from the volute (1) and clean surface of bore. Clean and examine impeller (2), for cracks or breakage and replace if required. To remove impeller (2), place a flat screwdriver in the slot of the end of the shaft to hold the shaft stationary while unscrewing the impeller (2).



Service



To reassemble, clean the threads with thread locking compound cleaner. Apply removable Loctite® 242 or equivalent to shaft threads. Screw impeller (2) onto the shaft hand tight while using a screwdriver in the slot at the end of the shaft to hold it stationary. Rotate impeller to check for binding. Install U-cup (33) by applying adhesive to bore of volute (1). Be sure not to get adhesive on inside diameter of U-cup (33).

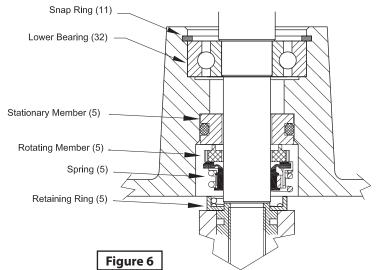
Position gasket (6) on volute flange and position impeller and motor housing assembly on volute (1).

CAUTION! - Be sure the inside lip of the U-cup (33) is not pushed out of place when assembling volute (1) to rest of the pump (see Figure 5).

Position lock washer (22) on cap screw (21) and screw into volute (1). Torque to 100 in-lbs. Check for free rotation of impeller.

Shaft Seal:

To examine or replace shaft seal (5), disassemble volute and impeller as stated. Remove retaining ring, spring and rotating member from shaft (see Figure 6). Inspect for signs of uneven wear pattern on stationary member, chips and scratches on either seal face. Replace the complete seal if any part is damaged.



If replacing the seal remove stationary from seal plate (8) by prying out with screw driver.



IMPORTANT! - All parts must be clean before reassembly.
Handle seal parts with extreme care. DO NOT damage lapped surfaces.

To reassemble, clean seal cavity in seal plate (8) and oil. Press seal's (5) stationary member firmly into seal plate (8), use a seal tool or pipe. Nothing should come in contact with the seal face except the seal tool. Be sure the stationary is in straight. Lightly oil (**Do not use grease**) shaft and inner surface of bellows. Slide rotating member onto stationary using a seal tool. Place spring and retaining ring onto rotating member. Assemble impeller and volute as described.

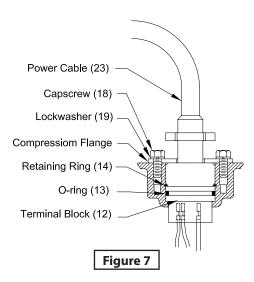
Motor, Capacitor, Bearings:

Remove volute and impeller as previously stated and drain oil from housing.
Remove shaft seal. Position unit upright, using blocks to avoid resting unit on shaft. Unscrew cable cap screws (18) and remove compression flange and power cord (23). Remove snap ring (14) with a flat head screwdriver.

Pull the terminal block (12) out of the housing (10) using a T-bolt or a pair of pliers and a .25-20 screw in the threads of the terminal block (12) see Figure 7. Leave slack on the motor leads connected underneath. Use needle nose pliers to pull each female connector off of the pins on the underside of the terminal block (12). The voltage should be noted.



Service



Remove cap screws (7) from seal plate (8) and lift housing (10) from seal plate. Remove square ring (9), replace if cut or damaged. Disconnect capacitor leads from capacitor (24). Remove motor bolts (28), lift cover (27), body (31) and stator assembly (30) from seal plate (8). Remove snap ring (11) to remove rotor assembly (29). Remove bearings (26) and (32) with a wheel puller.

Check motor capacitor (24) with an Ohm meter by first grounding the capacitor by placing a screwdriver across both terminals and then removing screwdriver. Connect Ohm meter (set on high scale) to terminals. If needle moves to infinity (∞) then drifts back, the capacitor is good. If needle does not move or moves to infinity (∞) and does not drift back, replace capacitor (24). Inspect motor winding for shorts and check resistance values. Check rotor for wear. If rotor or the stator windings are defective, the complete motor must be replaced.

Slide rotor/shaft (29) with bearings (26) and (32) into seal plate (8) until bearing (32) seats into seal plate. Install snap ring (11) into seal plate (8).

Place stator (30, 31) over rotor (29), lining up motor bolts with holes in seal plate (8). Place spring washer (34) on bearing (26) and cover (27) onto rotor/stator assembly. Position capacitor (24) so that it will lay on the opposite side of the cable entry boss of the housing (10). Install bracket (25) and reconnect capacitor leads. Torque motor bolts to 17 in-lbs. Set square ring (9) in grove on seal plate (8).

Lower housing (10) down onto seal plate (8) while aligning holes and stringing motor leads through the cord entry bore. Place cap screws (7) through seal plate (8) into housing (6) and torque to 60 in-lbs. Reconnect motor leads to the underside of the terminal block (12), as shown in Figure 8. Note that the pins are numbered underneath the terminal block.

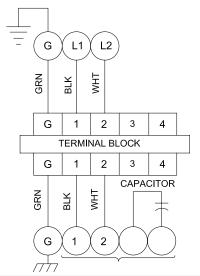


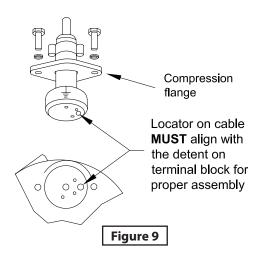
Figure 8 - 120/240 Volt, 1Ph

Place o-ring (13) into groove in terminal block and lubricate with dielectric oil. Press the terminal block (12) into the housing so it seats completely below the snap ring groove.

Place snap ring (14) into groove in cord entry bore of housing.

Power Cable Connection

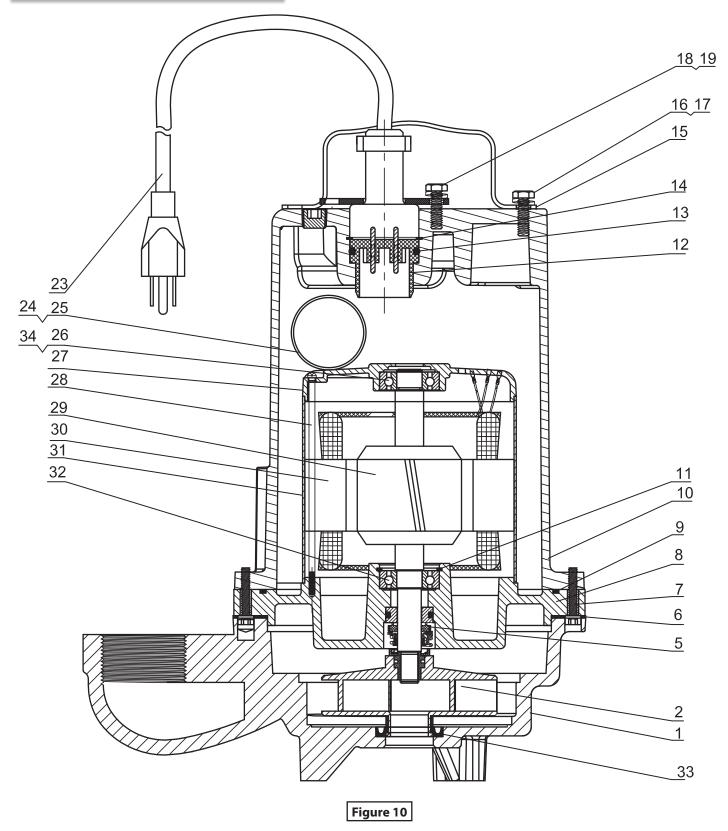
Check power cord (23) for cracks or damage and replace if required. Refill the cooling oil. Insert female end of cord plug into housing bore *aligning timing mark* with hole in terminal block (12) see Figure (9). Compress cord plug with compression flange by tightening cap screws (18) with lock washers (19) into the housing (10). Torque to 132 in-lbs.





Repair Parts

For Repair Part Please supply: Model Number and MFG Date as shown on Name Plate, and Part Description and Part Number as shown on Parts List.





For Repair Part Please supply: Model Number and MFG Date as shown on Name Plate, and Part Description and Part Number as shown on Parts List.

Repair Parts

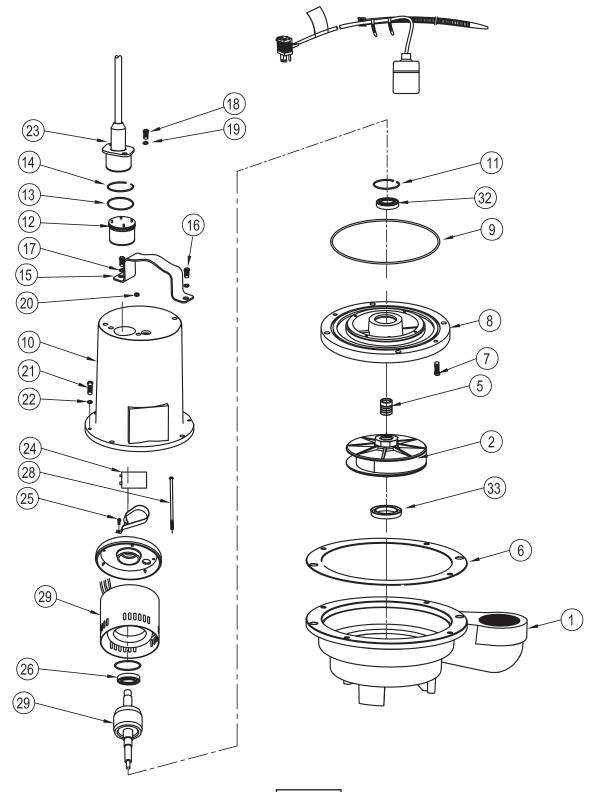


Figure 11



Submersible Effluent Pumps

Parts List

For Repair Part Please supply: Model Number and MFG Date as shown on Name Plate, and Part Description and Part Number as shown on Parts List.

Ref. No.	No. Qty Name		Part Numbers		
				PFSTEP512	PFSTEP522
1	1		Volute	PF103763	PF103763
2	1	•	Impeller, 4.62 Dia.	PF103512TE	PF103512TE
5	1	•	Shaft Seal, Carbon/Ceramic/Buna-N, .625", type "C"	PF068988	PF068988
6	1	•	Gasket	PF27344	PF27344
7	2		Screw, 1/4-20 x 11/4" Lg., Stainless	*	*
8	1		Seal Plate	PF084532	PF084532
9	1	•	Square Ring	PF074498	PF074498
10	1		Housing	PF105196	PF105196
11	1	•	Snap Ring	PF85326	PF85326
12	1		Terminal Block, 1 Phase	PF103584	PF103584
13	1	•	O-Ring	PF2-31051-224	PF2-31051-224
14	1	•	Snap Ring	PF105197	PF105197
15	1		Handle	PF103503	PF103503
16	2		Screw, 5/16-18 x 1" Lg., Stainless	*	*
17	2		Lock Washer, 5/16 Stainless	*	*
18	2		Screw, 5/16-18 x 1" Lg., Stainless	*	*
19	2		Lock Washer, 5/16 Stainless	*	*
20	1		Pipe Plug, 3/8" NPT	*	*
21	4		Screw, 5/16-18 x 1¾" Lg., Stainless	*	*
22	4		Lock Washer, 5/16 Stainless	*	*
			Power Cord, 115 Volt w Plug, 20Ft - STD	PF103756XA	
			Power Cord, 115 Volt w Plug, 15Ft	PF103756	
			Power Cord, 115 Volt w Plug, 30Ft	PF103756-30	
23	1	d	Power Cord, 115 Volt w Plug, 50Ft	PF103756-50	
23	'	~	Power Cord, 230 Volt w Plug, 20Ft - STD		PF110949XA
			Power Cord, 230 Volt w Plug, 15Ft		PF110949
			Power Cord, 230 Volt w Plug, 30Ft		PF110949-30
			Power Cord, 230 Volt w Plug, 50Ft		PF110949-50
24	1	•	Capacitor, 20mfd 370v, CBB60	PF070963C	PF070963C
25	1		Screw, #8-32 x 3/8" Lg., Stainless	♦	♦
26	1		Bearing	included in 29	included in 29
28	4		Screw	included in 29	included in 29
29	1	☆	Rotor/stator Assy	PF068926	PF068927
32	1	•	Bearing	PF17414	PF17414
33	1	•	V-Ring	PF068053	PF068053
OVE	RHAUL K	CIT			
•		ng (11),	impeller (2), shaft seal (5), gasket (6), square ring (9), o-ring (13), snap ring (14), capacitor (24), bearing (32),	PFSTEP	-ОНК

♦ = Aquire standard hardware locally.

 \Rightarrow = Supplied as individual items.



Trouble Shooting Chart

Risk of electric shock. Always disconnect the pump from the power source before handling inspections or repairs.

Symptom	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
	Blown fuse or other interruption of power; improper voltage.	Check that the unit is securely plugged in. Have an electrican check all wiring for proper connections and adequate voltage and capacity.
Pump will not run	Switch is unable to move to the "turn ON" position due to interference with the side of basin or other obstruction	Position the pump or switch so that it has adequate clearance for free operation.
	Insufficient liquid level	Make sure the liquid level is allowed to rise enough to activate level control(s).
	Defective level control	Remove and replace level controls
	Discharge is blocked or restricted	Check the discharge line for foreign material, including ice if discharge line passes through or into cold areas
	Check valve is stuck closed or installed backwards	Remove check valve(s) and examine for freedom of operation and proper installation
	Gate or ball valve is closed	Open gate or ball valve
Pump will not turn off	Total lift is beyond pump's capability	Try to route piping to a lower level. If not possible, a larger pump may be required. Consult the factory
	Pump impeller is jammed or volute casing is pluged	Disconnect unit electrically. Remove the pump from the basin. Detach the pump base and clean the area around the impeller. Rotate impeller by hand. Reassemble and reinstall
Pump will not turn off	Level control(s) unable to move to the "turn OFF" position due to interference with the side of basin or other obstacle	Posistion the pump or level control so that it has adequate clearance for free operation
	Defective level control	Remove and replace level control
	Check valve is stuck open or is leaking	Remove check valve(s) and examine for freedom of operation and proper installation
Pump runs periodically when fixtures are not in use	Fixtures are leaking	Repair fixtures as required to eliminate leakage
	Debris in the impeller cavity	Remove the pump from the basin. Detach the pump base and clean the area around the impeller. Reassemble and reinstall
Pump operates noisily	Damaged impeller	Consult the factory for information regarding replacement of impeller
	Worn bearings	Return pump to the factory or authorized repair station for repair
	Piping attachments to building are too rigid	Replace a portion of the discharge line with rubber hose or connector

NOTE: Power-Flo Pumps & Systems assumes no responsibility for damage or injury due to disassembly in the field. Disassembly of the pumps or supplied accessories other than at Power-Flo Pumps & Systems or its authorized service centers, automatically voids warranty.



PFSTEP512 and PFSTEP522

Submersible Effluent Pumps

Notes:	

Submersible Effluent Pumps

Notes:



2 YEAR WARRANTY

Manufacturer warrants, to the purchaser and subsequent owner during the warranty period, new pump product to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service, when properly used and maintained, for a period of 2 years from date of sale. The date of sale shall be determined by a dated sales receipt noting the model and serial number of the pump. The dated sales receipt must accompany the returned pump if the date of the return is more than 2 years from the date of manufacturer. Product will be repaired, replaced or remanufactured at Manufacturer's option. No allowance will be made for shipping charges, damages, labor or other charges that may occur due to product failure, repair or replacement. This warranty does not apply to and there shall be no warranty for any material or product that has been disassembled without prior approval of Manufacturer, subjected to misuse, misapplication, neglect, alteration, accident or act of God; that has not been installed, operated or maintained in accordance with Manufacturer's installation instructions; that has been exposed to outside substances including but not limited to the following: sand, gravel, cement, mud, tar, hydrocarbons, hydrocarbon derivatives (oil, gasoline, solvents, etc.), or other abrasive or corrosive substances, wash towels or feminine sanitary products, etc. in all pumping applications. The warranty set out in the paragraph above is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied; and we do not authorize any representative or other person to assume for us any other liability in connection with our products.

Contact Manufacturer at: 1-877-24PUMPS or www.powerflopumps.com, Attention: Customer Service Department, to obtain any needed repair or replacement of part(s) or additional information pertaining to our warranty. MANUFACTURER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR BREACH OF EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTY; AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND OF MERCHANTABILITY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE EXPRESSED WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitations on the duration of an implied warranty, so the above limitation may not apply to you. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or con sequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.